


**Section A**  
**four operations and bidmas**

- 1)  $(3 - 4 + 1) =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- 2)  $3 \times 4 - 3 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- 3)  $(3 \times 1) + 5 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- 4)  $1 + 2 + 3 - 4 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- 5)  $5(5 + 1 - 2) =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- 6)  $4(5(2)) =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- 7)  $(2 - 3)(2 - 3) =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- 8)  $(5 + 1) / (4 - 1) =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- 9)  $6 + 6 + 6 + 1 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- 10)  $8 \times 9 / 3 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- 11)  $4(3/2) =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- 12)  $4 + (5 \times 2) - 4 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

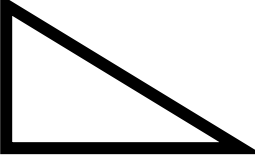
**Section C**  
**Area and Perimeter**

- 1) 

1cm

0.5cm

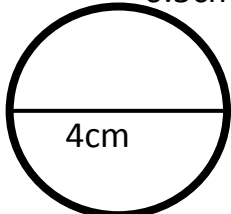
A= \_\_\_\_\_

P= \_\_\_\_\_
- 2) 

3cm

0.5cm

A= \_\_\_\_\_

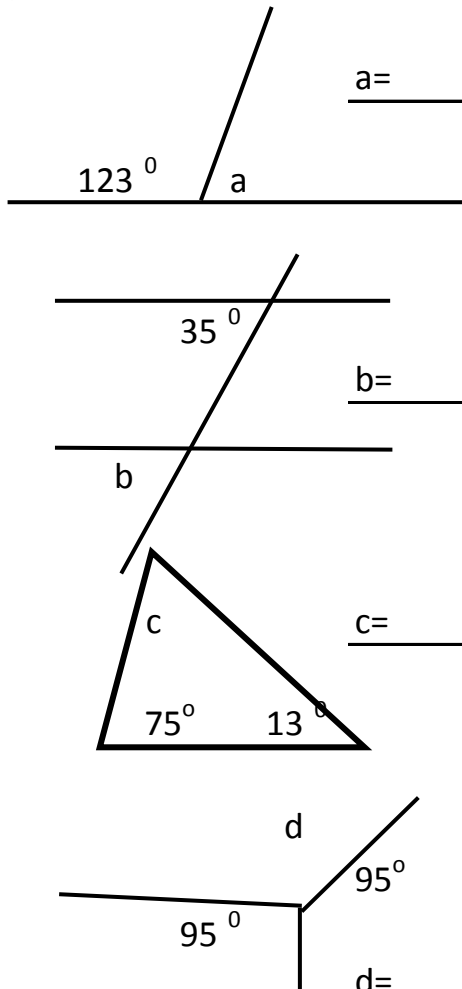
P= \_\_\_\_\_
- 3) 

4cm

Area = \_\_\_\_\_

Circumference = \_\_\_\_\_

**Section B**  
**Angles**



a= \_\_\_\_\_

b= \_\_\_\_\_

c= \_\_\_\_\_

d= \_\_\_\_\_

**Section D**  
**Algebra - Tables**

- 1)  $y = x - 10$ 

x	0	1	2	3	4	5
y						
- 2)  $y = 1/2x$ 

x	0	1	2	3	4	5
y						
- 3)  $y = 2x - 1$ 

x	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y						
- 4)  $y = x^2 + 3$ 

x	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y						